

Definite Integrals

The Definite Integral

Let $F(x)$ be any antiderivative of $f(x)$, then for any two values of the independent variable x , say a and b the difference $F(b) - F(a)$ is called the **definite integral** of $f(x)$ from a to b and is denoted by

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx. \text{ Thus}$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

Where $F(x)$ is any antiderivative of $f(x)$. The numbers a and b are called the **limits of integration**; a is the lower limit and b is the upper limit.

Properties of Definite Integrals

$$1. \int_a^b f(x) dx = -\int_b^a f(x) dx$$

$$2. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(t) dt$$

$$3. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^c f(x) dx + \int_c^b f(x) dx, \text{ where } a < c < b$$

$$4. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(a+b-x) dx$$

$$5. \int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a-x) dx$$

$$6. \int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = \begin{cases} 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx & \text{if } f(-x) = f(x) \text{ i.e. } f(x) \text{ is even} \\ 0 & \text{if } f(-x) = -f(x) \text{ i.e. } f(x) \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

$$7. \int_0^{2a} f(x) dx = \begin{cases} 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx & \text{if } f(2a-x) = f(x) \\ 0 & \text{if } f(2a-x) = -f(x) \end{cases}$$

Removal of x : Let $I = \int_0^a f(x) dx$ where $f(x)$ is function of x whose integral is known and

$f(a-x) = f(x)$. Then

$$I = \int_0^a (a-x) f(a-x) dx$$

$$= \int_0^a (a-x) f(x) dx$$

$$= a \int_0^a f(x) dx - \int_0^a xf(x) dx$$

$$I = a \int_0^a f(x) dx - I$$

$$\therefore 2I = a \int_0^a f(x) dx$$

$\Rightarrow I = \frac{a}{2} \int_0^a f(x) dx$, Now $\int_0^a f(x) dx$ can be evaluated as $f(x)$ is known as integrable function.

1/2 Marks

$$1. \int (\sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{1}{1 - \sin^2 x} dx$$

$$5. \int_{-1}^1 (x^{99} \cos^4 x) dx$$

$$7. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \left(\frac{4 + 3 \sin x}{4 + 3 \cos x} \right) dx$$

$$9. \int \left(\frac{\cos 2x + 2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \right) dx$$

$$11. \int (x^c + c^x) dx$$

$$13. \int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx$$

$$15. \int \frac{e^x}{a^x} dx$$

$$17. \int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$19. \int \frac{1}{x \cos \alpha + 1} dx$$

$$21. \int \frac{1}{\cos \alpha + x \sin \alpha} dx$$

$$23. \int \left(\sqrt{ax} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{ax}} \right)^2 dx$$

$$25. \int_0^2 [x] dx, \text{ where } [] \text{ is greatest integer function}$$

$$26. \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} [x^2] dx, \text{ where } [] \text{ is greatest integer function}$$

$$2. \int_{-1}^1 e^{|x|} dx$$

$$4. \int \left(8^x + x^8 + \frac{8}{x} + \frac{x}{8} \right) dx$$

$$6. \int \frac{1}{x \log x \log(\log x)} dx$$

$$8. \int (e^{a \log x} + e^{x \log a}) dx$$

$$10. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x dx$$

$$12. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\int f(x) dx \right]$$

$$14. \int e^{-\log e^x} dx$$

$$16. \int 2^x e^x dx$$

$$18. \int \cos^2 \alpha dx$$

$$20. \int \sec x \log(\sec x + \tan x) dx$$

$$22. \int \left(\frac{x+1}{x} \right) (x + \log x) dx$$

$$24. \int_0^{\pi} |\cos x| dx$$

$$27. \int_a^b \frac{f(x)}{f(x) + f(a+b-x)} dx$$



“All great achievements require time.”

28. $\int_{-2}^1 \frac{|x|}{x} dx$

29. $\int_{-1}^1 x|x| dx$

30. If $\int_0^a \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$ then find the value of a .

31. Evaluate: $\int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^a f(x) dx$

32. $\int_{-1}^3 \left[\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{x^2+1} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x} \right) \right] dx$

33. $\int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} (\cos x) \left[\log \left(\frac{1-x}{1+x} \right) \right] dx$

34. $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1-x^2) \sin x \cos^2 x dx$

35. $\int_{-2}^1 \frac{|x|}{x} dx$

36. $\int_0^2 [x^2] dx$

37. $\int_0^{2\pi} (\sin x + |\sin x|) dx$

38. $\int_{-2}^2 |[x]| dx$

39. $\int \frac{d(\sin x)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2 x}}$

40. $\int \sqrt{1 + \sin \frac{x}{4}} dx$

41. $\int \frac{a^{\frac{x}{2}}}{\sqrt{a^{-x} - a^x}} dx$

42. $\int e^{x \log a} e^x dx$

43. $\int \cos^{-\frac{3}{7}} x \sin^{-\frac{1}{7}} x dx$

44. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{(x+1)^5 (x+2)^3}}$

45. $\int \frac{1+x+\sqrt{x+x^2}}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+x}} dx$

46. $\int \sec^{\frac{8}{9}} x \operatorname{cosec}^{\frac{10}{9}} x dx$

47. $\int_0^1 [2x] dx$, where $[]$ is greatest integer function

49. $\int e^{\log x + \log \sin x} dx$

48. $\int e^{\log(x+1) - \log x} dx$

50. $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} |\sin x| dx$

4/6 Marks

(A) Evaluate each of the following definite integrals as limit of sum:

1. $\int_a^b x dx$

2. $\int_1^2 (x+5) dx$

3. $\int_0^2 (x^2+1) dx$

4. $\int_1^3 (2x^2+5x) dx$

5. $\int_1^2 x^3 dx$

6. $\int_0^1 (3x^2+2x+1) dx$

7. $\int_1^3 (x^2-x+5) dx$

8. $\int_a^b \frac{1}{x^2} dx$

9. $\int_a^b e^x dx$

10. $\int_0^1 e^{2-3x} dx$

$$11. \int_{-1}^1 e^x dx$$

$$13. \int_2^4 2^x dx$$

$$12. \int_0^4 (x + e^{2x}) dx$$

(B) Evaluate each of the following definite integrals:

$$1. \int_0^1 \frac{2x+3}{5x^2+1} dx$$

$$3. \int_2^4 \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^4-1}} dx$$

$$5. \int_2^5 \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^3 dx$$

$$7. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1+\sin x} dx$$

$$9. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x} dx$$

$$11. \int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$13. \int_1^2 e^{2x} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2x^2} \right) dx$$

$$2. \int_1^2 \frac{5x^2}{x^2+4x+3} dx$$

$$4. \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$6. \int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} dx$$

$$8. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^3 x (\sin x)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

$$10. \int_0^1 \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2} \right) dx$$



$$12. \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} e^x \left(\frac{1+\sin x}{1+\cos x} \right) dx$$

(C) Using the properties of definite integrals, evaluate each of the following:

$$1. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

$$3. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{1+\tan x} dx$$

$$5. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{1 + \sin x \cdot \cos x} dx$$

$$7. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{a^2 \cos^2 x + b^2 \sin^2 x} dx$$

$$9. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{1 + \sin x} dx$$

$$2. \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}} dx$$

$$4. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos^5 x}{\sin^5 x + \cos^5 x} dx$$

$$6. \int_0^{\pi} \cos^5 x dx$$

$$8. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x dx$$

$$10. \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{1 + \cot^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

“All great achievements require time.”

$$11. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^3 x}{1 + \tan^3 x} dx$$

$$13. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^7 x dx$$

$$15. \int_0^1 \log\left(\frac{1}{x} - 1\right) dx$$

$$17. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

$$19. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

$$21. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{a^2 - \cos^2 x} dx$$

$$23. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^4 \sin^7 x dx$$

$$25. \int_0^{\pi} |\cos x| dx$$

$$27. \int_{-1}^2 |x^3 - x| dx$$

$$29. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} |\sin x \cdot \cos x| dx$$

$$31. \int_0^1 x(1-x)^n dx$$

$$33. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan \theta) d\theta$$

$$35. \int_0^{\pi} \log(1 + \cos x) dx$$

$$37. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{9 + 16 \sin 2x} dx$$

$$39. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (2 \log \sin x - \log \sin 2x) dx$$

$$41. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x + 4 \sin^2 x} dx$$

$$12. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \tan x dx$$

$$14. \int_{-1}^1 \left(\frac{2-x}{2+x}\right) dx$$

$$16. \int_0^2 x\sqrt{2-x} dx$$

$$18. \int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{x^2} dx$$

$$20. \int_0^a \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a-x}} dx$$

$$22. \int_{-1}^1 \frac{|x|}{x} dx$$

$$24. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} |\sin x| dx$$

$$26. \int_1^4 |x-2| dx$$

$$28. \int_{-1}^{\frac{3}{2}} |x \sin \pi x| dx$$

$$30. \int_{\frac{1}{4}}^1 |2x-1| dx$$

$$32. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \sin x dx$$

$$34. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\tan x + \cot x) dx$$

$$36. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x \sin x \cdot \cos x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$$

$$38. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x \cdot \cos ec x} dx$$

$$40. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$$

$$42. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{5 + 3 \cos x} dx$$

$$43. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x}{1 + \sin x + \cos x} dx$$

44.

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}} dx$$

$$45. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} dx$$

$$46. \int_{-1}^2 f(x) dx, \text{ when } f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1, & x \leq 1 \\ x-5, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$47. \int_1^4 f(x) dx, \text{ when } f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x+3, & 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 8x, & 3 < x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

$$48. \int_0^9 f(x) dx, \text{ when } f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & 0 \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 1, & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq 3 \\ e^{x-3}, & 3 < x \leq 9 \end{cases}$$

$$49. \int_2^8 f(x) dx, \text{ when } f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x+4, & 2 \leq x \leq 3 \\ x^2+4, & 3 < x \leq 8 \end{cases}$$

$$50. \int_1^4 [|x| + |x-3|] dx$$

$$51. \int_1^4 f(x) dx, \text{ when } f(x) = |x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3|$$

$$52. \text{ Prove that } \int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a-x) dx$$

$$53. \text{ Prove that } \int_0^{2a} f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(x) dx + \int_0^a f(2a-x) dx$$

$$54. \text{ If } f(x) = a + bx + cx^2, \text{ show that } \int_0^1 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{6} \left[f(0) + f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + f(1) \right]$$

$$55. \text{ If } \int_0^a 3x^2 dx = 8, \text{ find the value of } a$$

$$56. \text{ If } \int_a^b x^3 dx = 0 \text{ and } \int_a^b x^2 dx = \frac{2}{3}, \text{ find the value of } a \text{ and } b.$$

$$57. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} [\sin|x| - \cos|x|] dx$$

$$58. \int_0^1 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2} \right) dx$$

$$59. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin 2x \log \tan x dx$$

$$60. \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x + \cos ecx} dx$$

$$61. \int_0^{\pi} (\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}) dx$$

$$62. \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos 2x \log \sin x dx$$

$$63. \int_{-a}^a \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{a+x}} dx$$

$$64. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

“All great achievements require time.”

65. $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$

66. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^4 x + \sin^4 x} dx$

67. $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{e^{\cos x}}{e^{\cos x} + e^{-\cos x}} dx$

68. $\int_{-1}^1 \log\left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}\right) dx$

69. $\int_0^1 \cot^{-1}(1 - x + x^2) dx$

70. $\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1 + x)}{1 + x^2} dx$

71. $\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos x}}{(1 - \cos x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$

72. $\int_0^{\frac{3}{2}} |x \cos \pi x| dx$

73. $\int_0^2 |x^2 + 2x - 3| dx$

74. $\int_3^9 \frac{\sqrt{12 - x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{12 - x}} dx$

75. $\int_0^{\pi} |\sin^3 \theta| d\theta$

76. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x|, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ |x - 2| \end{cases}$, then Evaluate $\int_{-1}^3 f(x) dx$

77. $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{\left[x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}\right] \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$

78. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2^{\sin x}}{2^{\sin x} + 2^{\cos x}} dx$

79. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{8}} \cos^3 4\theta d\theta$

80. $\int_0^1 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1}\right) dx$

81. Prove that $\int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a - x) dx$ and hence prove that $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$

82. Prove that if f is an odd function, then $\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0$ use it to evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \log\left(\frac{2 + x}{2 - x}\right) dx$

ANSWERS

1 Mark

- | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. $\frac{\pi}{2}x + c$ | 2. $2e - 2$ | 3. $\tan x + c$ |
| 4. $\frac{8^x}{\log 8} + \frac{x^9}{9} + 8 \log x + \frac{x^2}{16} + c$ | 5. 0 | 6. $\log \log(\log x) + c$ |
| 7. 0 | 8. $\frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1} + \frac{a^x}{\log a} + c$ | 9. $\tan x + c$ |
| 11. $\frac{x^{c+1}}{c+1} + \frac{c^x}{\log c} + C$ | 12. $f(x) + c$ | 10. 0 |
| 15. $\frac{\left(\frac{e}{a}\right)^x}{\log\left(\frac{e}{a}\right)} + c$ | 16. $\frac{2^x e^x}{\log(2e)} + c$ | 13. $\tan x - \cot x + c$ |
| | | 14. $\log x + c$ |
| | | 17. $2e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$ |
| | | 18. $x \cos^2 \alpha + c$ |

$$19. \frac{\log|x \cos \alpha + 1|}{\cos \alpha} + c$$

$$\frac{(\log|\sec x + \tan x|)^2}{2} + c$$

20.

$$21. \frac{\log|\cos \alpha + x \sin \alpha|}{\sin \alpha} + c$$

$$22. \frac{(x + \log x)^2}{2} + c$$

$$23. \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{\log|ax|}{a} - 2x + c$$

24. 0

25. 1

$$26. (\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

$$27. \frac{b-a}{2}$$

28. -1

29. 0

30. 1

31. 0

32. 2π

33. 0

34. 0

35. -1

$$36. -\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} + 5$$

37. 4

38. 4

39. $x + c$

$$40. a \left(\sin \frac{x}{8} - \cos \frac{x}{8} \right) + c$$

$$41. \frac{1}{\log a} \sin^{-1}(a^x) + c$$

$$42. \frac{(ae)^x}{\log_e ae} + c$$

$$43. -\frac{7}{4} \tan^{-\frac{4}{7}} x + c$$

$$44. -4 \left(\frac{x+2}{x+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$$

$$45. \frac{2}{3} (1+x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$46. -9(\cot x)^{\frac{1}{9}} + c$$

$$47. \frac{1}{2}$$

$$48. x + \log x + c$$

$$49. -x \cos x + \sin x + c$$

$$50. 2 - \sqrt{2}$$

$$1. \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2}$$

$$2. \frac{13}{2}$$

Believe in knowledge . . .

$$3. \frac{14}{3}$$

$$4. \frac{112}{3}$$

$$5. \frac{15}{4}$$

6. 3

$$7. \frac{44}{3}$$

$$8. \frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}$$

$$9. e^b - e^a$$

$$10. \frac{1}{3} \left(e^2 - \frac{1}{e} \right)$$

$$11. \frac{e^2 - 1}{e}$$

$$12. \frac{15 + e^8}{2}$$

$$13. \frac{12}{\log 2}$$

Section-(B)

$$1. \frac{1}{5} \log 6 + \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{5}$$

$$2. 5 - \frac{5}{2} \left(9 \log \frac{5}{4} - \log \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$3. \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{255} - \sqrt{15})$$

$$4. \frac{5}{3} - 2 \log 2$$

$$5. \frac{1}{5} [128\sqrt{5} - 53\sqrt{2}]$$

$$6. \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 1 \right)$$

7. 2

$$8. \frac{34}{55}$$

$$9. \frac{\pi}{2ab}$$

$$10. \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \log 2 \right)$$

$$11. \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$12. e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$13. \frac{e^2(e^2 - 2)}{4}$$

Section-(C)

- | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| 1. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 2. $\frac{\pi}{12}$ | 3. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 4. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ |
| 5. 0 | 6. 0 | 7. $\frac{\pi^2}{2ab}$ | 8. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ |
| 9. π | 10. $\frac{\pi}{12}$ | 11. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 12. 0 |
| 13. 0 | 14. 0 | 15. 0 | 16. $\frac{16\sqrt{2}}{15}$ |
| 17. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2}+1)$ | 18. $\frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$ | 19. $\frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} \log(1+\sqrt{2})$ | 20. $\frac{9}{\sqrt{2}}$ |
| 21. $\frac{\pi^2}{2a\sqrt{a^2-1}}$ | 22. 0 | 23. 0 | 24. 2 |
| 25. 2 | 26. $\frac{5}{2}$ | 27. $\frac{11}{4}$ | 28. $\frac{3\pi+1}{\pi^2}$ |
| 29. $\frac{1}{2}$ | 30. $\frac{5}{16}$ | 31. $\frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$ | 32. $-\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$ |
| 33. $\frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$ | 34. $\pi \log 2$ | 35. $-\pi \log 2$ | 36. $\frac{\pi^2}{16}$ |
| 37. $\frac{1}{40} \log 9$ | 38. $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ | 39. $\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$ | 40. $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ |
| 41. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 42. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 43. $\frac{\pi}{4} \log 2$ | |
| 44. $2 \sin^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{3}-1) \right\}$ | | 45. $\frac{\pi}{2} (\pi-2)$ | 46. $-\frac{3}{2}$ |
| 47. 62 | 48. $3+e^6 - \frac{\pi}{2}$ | 49. $\frac{1159}{2}$ | 50. 10 |
| 51. $\frac{19}{6}$ | 55. 2 | 56. $a=-1, b=1$ | 57. $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ |
| 58. $\pi\sqrt{2}$ | 59. $\frac{1}{4} \log 2 - \frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$ | 60. $a\pi$ | 61. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2}+1)$ |
| 62. $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ | 63. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 64. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 65. $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ |
| 66. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 67. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 68. 0 | 69. $\frac{\pi}{2} - \log 2$ |
| 70. $\frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$ | 71. $\frac{7}{3}$ | 72. $\frac{5\pi-2}{2\pi^2}$ | 73. 4 |
| 74. 3 | 75. $\frac{4}{3}$ | 76. 2 | 77. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ |
| 78. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 79. $\frac{1}{6}$ | 80. $\frac{\pi}{2} - \log 2$ | |

